



Name & Surname: _____

Entrance Test

***Master's degree in Entrepreneurship and Project Management /
Master's degree in Risk Management for Insurance, Banking and
Finance***

XXX

Duration: 60 min

No documents allowed - Please switch off your mobile phone

Part 1: Written assessment (20 points) - Indicative time: 20 minutes

Part 2: Structure and written expression (30 questions - 30 points) - Indicative time: 25 minutes

Part 3: Reading comprehension (10 questions - 10 points) - Indicative time: 15 minutes



Part 1: Writing Assessment (20 points) – Indicative time: 20 minutes

Instructions: On your exam sheet, write a clear, logical and well organized answer to the following question. Your answer should be in the form of a short essay. Your answer should not exceed 2 pages. Write legibly. Essays that are illegible or are written on a topic other than the one outlined in the question will not be scored. Please use the exam sheet to write your essay. (Do not forget to indicate your name and surname on the exam sheet!)

Is economic growth compatible with sustainable development?



Part 2: Structure and written expression (30 questions - 30 points) –
Indicative time: 25 minutes

Questions 1-10, each of the following sentences contains one blank. Each blank indicates that a word or a set of words have been left out. Below the sentence are four words or set of words, marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). Select the word or set of words that best complete the sentence.
PLEASE CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER ON THE ANSWER SHEET

1. The tourist guide _____ while he went to check the price.
 - a. had us waited
 - b. had us to wait
 - c. had us wait
 - d. had us waiting

2. London, _____ historical monuments are world famous, is a great place to visit.
 - a. whose
 - b. which
 - c. who's
 - d. who

3. More than 10 million new voters _____ in the last US election.
 - a. said to participate
 - b. said to have participated
 - c. said to participated
 - d. are said to have participated

4. My parents _____ with my choice of studies.
 - a. weren't really agreed
 - b. don't real agree
 - c. didn't really agree
 - d. aren't real agree

5. Valencia has _____ aquarium in Europe.
 - a. the most large
 - b. the largest
 - c. the most largest
 - d. the higher

6. I asked _____ out the lights before leaving the classroom.
 - a. to put
 - b. they put
 - c. them to put
 - d. them putting



7. Today's financial crisis is evaluated at _____.
- 1 800 billion of dollars
 - 1 800 billions dollars
 - 1 800 billions of dollars
 - 1 800 billion dollars
8. Only when a contract has been signed by both parties _____.
- it becomes legally binding
 - that it becomes legally binding
 - becomes legally binding
 - does it become legally binding
9. _____ is important is to ensure that your negotiating partner has understood you.
- What
 - Which
 - This
 - That
10. If we all _____ 1% of our income, poverty would be solved.
- giving
 - give
 - gave
 - will give

Question 11-20, each sentence has four underlined words or phrases. The four underlined parts of the sentence are marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Identify the *one* underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct. **PLEASE CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER ON THE ANSWER SHEET**

11. Although the books arrived on time and the students worked harder as last year the results were
A B
still disappointing and we need to find a better solution for next year.
C D
12. Market research indicates that our new product corresponds to customer expectations and
A B
particularly attract teenagers because of its use of leading-edge technology.
C D
13. Richard Branson, CEO of Virgin, has demonstrated considerable talent in brand stretching.
A B
He was regularly been hailed as the stereotype of an entrepreneurial manager.
C D



14. The decision to bail-out the banks has been taken in September 2008 in order to save the banks
A B C
from bankruptcy and protect the borrowers from foreclosure.
D
15. Although the university has considerably invested in a multi-media library it is always difficult
A B
to find articles as the selected databases are too limited.
C D
16. Washington Irving, one of America's most famous authors, was a lawyer, a businessman, and a
A B C
United States diplomatic to England and Spain.
D
17. The main boyhood interesting of psychologist Jean Piaget was observation of animals in their
A B C
natural habitat.
D
18. Because its gravitationally bound to the Milky Way, the Andromeda galaxy is currently
A B C
approaching Earth.
D
19. Dams may be built for multiple purposes: providing water for irrigation, aid flood control, furnish
A B
hydroelectric power, and improve the passability of waterways.
C D
20. As soon as psychologists developed ways to measure human attributes, they discovered that most
A B
characteristics of the human beings seem to be distributed in the form of a bell-shaped curve.
C D



Question 21-30, choose between the words marked (A), (B), (C) or (D) the *one* which has the closest meaning to the word in bold type. **PLEASE CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER ON THE ANSWER SHEET**

21. **Paltry**

- a. chicken
- b. friendly
- c. worthless
- d. greedy

22. **Dire**

- a. dreadful
- b. dear
- c. doubtful
- d. fatal

23. **Gifted**

- a. offered
- b. presented
- c. generous
- d. talented

24. **Warehouse**

- a. factory
- b. stockroom
- c. outlet
- d. shop

25. **Allege**

- a. claim
- b. lighten
- c. enlighten
- d. legalise

26. **Hardly**

- a. barely
- b. forcefully
- c. strongly
- d. durably



27. **Urge**

- a. emerge
- b. encourage
- c. hurry
- d. fasten

28. **Upset**

- a. annoy
- b. establish
- c. implant
- d. set up

29. **Predict**

- a. say first
- b. interrupt
- c. forecast
- d. dictate

30. **Bid**

- a. wait
- b. push
- c. obesity
- d. offer



Part 3: Reading comprehension (10 questions - 10 points) - Indicative time: 15 min.

Answer all of the questions following the text on the basis of what is stated or implied in that test. Choose the one best answer, (A), (B), (C), or (D), to each question. **PLEASE CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER ON THE ANSWER SHEET**

Europe's 10bn-euro space vision

Member states of the European space agency (ESA) have agreed a 10bn-euro budget at their meeting in The Hague. The figure, which covers the next three to five years, represents a substantial increase in funding. Ministers said the investment in space would help European industry pull through the current economic downturn. The new money will help build new Earth observation satellites, maintain ESA's participation in the space station, and fund probes to the planets.

It took the science ministers from ESA's 18 member states two days of intense discussions to arrive at the budget figure. Agency officials had drawn up a "wish list" valued at 10.4bn-euros and hoped to get at least 90% of that figure. In the end, their expectations were exceeded, with the meeting approving a budget line of 9.9bn – over a billion more than the commitments made the last time the ministers met in Berlin in 2005.

The two biggest contributors were Germany, at 2.7bn, and France at 2.3bn. The Italians contributed just over a billion; the UK just under a billion. The new budget will allow ESA to grow its basic science programme, at 3.5% a year, whilst at the same time starting a number of new programmes.

Europe's Ariane 5 rocket, which has come to dominate the commercial launcher market, will now be upgraded to allow it to carry heavier payloads than its current nine-tonne limit. Ministers agreed to put almost 1.4bn-euros into its ongoing activities at the International Space Station.

The second phase was approved of the world's most ambitious environmental monitoring project, known as GMES, which requires a series of new Earth observation satellites to be launched.

A project to build the next generation of meteorological satellites was also funded. This project actually received more money than was requested such was the interest from France and Germany.

In addition, Europe will now take the first step in a plan that could eventually lead to a manned spaceship based on its highly successful unmanned space-station cargo vessel, known as the ATV. A feasibility study will be undertaken to work out how a reentry capsule could be added to the freighter, first to bring materials safely back from the space station but eventually, also, humans. Once the first step with the cargo version is completed in, say 2017, ESA can move quickly towards the manned capsule because the configuration will be the right one from the beginning. Agency officials cautioned, however, that a crew ship was a long-term goal and depended on the money being available in the future to build it, and on the need for such a spacecraft. In any case, an ATV will not fly before the end of the next decade.

One of the key decisions for the UK at this meeting centred on ExoMars, the robotic rover ESA intends to send to the Red Planet in 2016 to search for microbial life. Not all the money was promised in The Hague, but most observers here thought the funding would be made up in time. The UK science minister Lord Drayson said the important point was that ExoMars had been accepted by member states as an important mission for ESA.



1. The general theme of this text is
 - a) the Eurozone's space programme budget
 - b) the cooperation between the ESA and the NASA
 - c) the recently voted European space agency budget
 - d) the ESA plans to increase membership to 18

2. The science ministers believe that the space programme
 - a) will help to resolve the economic slump
 - b) will make ESA competitive with the NASA
 - c) will provide Europe with greater military protection
 - d) will lead to landmark scientific discoveries

3. The words "wish list" means
 - a) project details
 - b) expected outcomes
 - c) order book
 - d) hoped-for funding

4. Compared to previous budget commitments
 - a) the The Hague decision is 20% higher than that taken in Berlin
 - b) there is a 1bn increase in the latest budget
 - c) the recent budget is 10% lower
 - d) the 2008 budget represents a 3.5% increase

5. The 4 major contributors represent roughly what percentage of the overall budget?
 - a) 50
 - b) 55
 - c) 60
 - d) 70

6. What is a "payload"?
 - a) the cost of astronauts' salaries
 - b) the cargo carried by transporters
 - c) the budget necessary for space programmes
 - d) the maximum weight of a satellite

7. The "ATV" is
 - a) a space vessel used to transport cargo to space-station
 - b) a military satellite
 - c) an observation satellite
 - d) an Advanced Telecommunication Vehicle

8. A crew ship transporter will not be operational before
 - a) 2016
 - b) 2017
 - c) 2020
 - d) 2030



9. 2 particular strengths of the UK are
- a) GMES and observation satellites
 - b) robotics and increasingly sophisticated satellite payloads
 - c) telecommunication and military satellite
 - d) improved satellite payloads and GPS
10. The project to send a robot to Mars is
- a) of particular interest to the United Kingdom
 - b) fully funded in the 2008 budget
 - c) the next step in manned capsules
 - d) sure to prove that life exists on Mars

ROYAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW AND ECONOMICS ANSWER SHEET

Name:

PART II: Structure and written expression

Question #				
1	A	B	C	D
2	A	B	C	D
3	A	B	C	D
4	A	B	C	D
5	A	B	C	D
6	A	B	C	D
7	A	B	C	D
8	A	B	C	D
9	A	B	C	D
10	A	B	C	D
11	A	B	C	D
12	A	B	C	D
13	A	B	C	D
14	A	B	C	D
15	A	B	C	D
16	A	B	C	D
17	A	B	C	D
18	A	B	C	D
19	A	B	C	D
20	A	B	C	D
21	A	B	C	D
22	A	B	C	D
23	A	B	C	D
24	A	B	C	D
25	A	B	C	D
26	A	B	C	D
27	A	B	C	D
28	A	B	C	D
29	A	B	C	D
30	A	B	C	D

PART III - Reading comprehension

1	A	B	C	D
2	A	B	C	D
3	A	B	C	D
4	A	B	C	D
5	A	B	C	D
6	A	B	C	D
7	A	B	C	D
8	A	B	C	D
9	A	B	C	D
10	A	B	C	D



Entrance Test

Master's degree in Entrepreneurship and Project Management / Risk Management in Insurance, Banking and Finance – Year 1

Duration: 90 minutes

No documents allowed - Please switch off your mobile phone

Part 1: Problem Solving & Quantitative Reasoning (20 questions - 20 points) -
Indicative time: 60 minutes

Part 2: General Knowledge of Economics and Management (30 questions - 30 points) -
Indicative time: 30 minutes



Part 1: Problem Solving & Quantitative Reasoning (20 questions - 20 points) -
Indicative time: 60 minutes

Q1. A shop offers to its clients a 3% discount on every item if they buy a membership card sold 60\$. A client decides to buy the membership card and then he buys for 4000 \$ of products. What is the real discount if we take into account the 60\$ of membership fare?

- a. 1%
- b. 1,25%
- c. 1,5%
- d. 1,75%

Q2. In a greengrocer, 2kg of bananas plus 7kg of plums costs 79,5\$ and 2,5kg of bananas plus 1,5kg of plums costs 39,20\$. What is the price of 1kg of plums?

- a. 10,7\$
- b. 10,10\$
- c. 9,7\$
- d. 8,3\$

Q3. The company's board of directors counts 12 people. They have to elect their executive body comprising a President, a Vice-President and a Secretary. How many different composition of the executive body are possible (one people can take only one position within the executive body)?

- a. 1320
- b. 132
- c. 1302
- d. 445

Q4. A client withdraws 78 475\$ from its bank account which is the return of a financial investment at 7,5% yearly interest rate made exactly one year ago. How much did the client invest?

- a. 84 630\$
- b. 77 500\$
- c. 73 000\$
- d. 73 765\$

Q5. A student bought two books at the same price. After one year, he resells one book with 25% discount. After 2 years, he resells the second book with 40% discount. He earns 675\$ with the resell of the two books. What was the initial price of one of the two books?

- a. 450\$
- b. 500\$
- c. 550\$
- d. 600\$



Q6. A 10 000\$ capital is invested at a yearly interest rate of 10%. After how many years the total amount of accumulated interests will be greater than the capital invested?

- a. 8
- b. 5
- c. 7
- d. 12

Q7. 32 cylindrical concrete blocks are put one on each other to make an 81m concrete pillar. We distinguish two types of concrete blocks: 3m thickness blocks and 2m thickness blocks. How many 2m thickness blocks have been used?

- a. 18
- b. 17
- c. 16
- d. 15

Q8. A real estate agent buys a land for 24 300\$. He divides it into parcels of the same dimensions. He sells every parcel for 1800\$. His profit equals exactly the buying price of 6 parcels. In how many parcels has the land been divided?

- a. 16
- b. 17
- c. 18
- d. 19

Q9. There are 3 500 police officers in a city. 3 police officers are assigned to a dangerous neighborhood of the city when only 2 police officers are assigned to a quiet neighborhood of the city. We count twice more quiet neighborhoods than dangerous neighborhoods. How many neighborhoods does the city count?

- a. 1350
- b. 1500
- c. 1750
- d. 1825

Q10. In a high school, we organize an English test for the 25 students of 10th grade. In the morning, 10 students did the test and the average is 8/20. In the afternoon, the 15 remaining students did the test and the average is 11. What is the average of the class over the 25 students?

- a. 9,8
- b. 9,9
- c. 9,5
- d. 10,2



Q11. Piseth's age is twice Sambo's age. In 10 years, Sambo's age tripled will be 8 more than Piseth's age doubled. How old will Piseth be in 30 years from now?

- a. 56 years
- b. 42 years
- c. 34 years
- d. 14 years

Q12. You roll two "6 faces" dices. What is the probability that the sum of the two dices equals 6?

- a. $\frac{4}{36}$
- b. $\frac{1}{6}$
- c. $\frac{5}{36}$
- d. $\frac{3}{36}$

Q13. Panha bought a 250\$ smartphone on sale at 20% off. How much did he pay, including the 10% sales tax?

- a. 200\$
- b. 210\$
- c. 220\$
- d. 190\$

Q14. A printer can print a page every 3 seconds and it needs to cool down for 5 minutes after every one hour of usage. How long does it take to print 4200 pages? (*Result to be given in minutes*)

- a. 320 minutes
- b. 190 minutes
- c. 210 minutes
- d. 225 minutes
- a. 53.6\$

Q15. A jar contains 20 red seeds and 60 green ones. How many red seeds must be added to the jar to have 60% of the seeds red?

- a. 40
- b. 50
- c. 70
- d. 60



Q16. Last year, total income of Sokhon's taxi company was 150 000\$. This year, his taxi company total income raises to 175 000\$. What will be the amount of Sokhon's taxi company total income next year if it keep increasing by the same percentage every year?

- a. 215 455\$
- b. 214 155\$
- c. 195 000\$
- d. 204 155\$

Q17. Six people attend a meeting in France. To say hello, each person gives one kiss on the cheek of every other person present at the meeting. What is the total number of kisses given at this meeting?

- a. 13
- b. 15
- c. 17
- d. 6

Q18. There are 40 questions in an exam. Over the first 30 questions, Sophal has got 60% of right answers. What percentage of right answers of the remaining questions does Sophal need in order to get 10/20 as a total score?

- a. 25%
- b. 50%
- c. 60%
- d. 20%

Q19. In the morning, Sophorn drives at 80 kilometers per hour to go to the office. Returning over the same route by the evening, he encounters heavy traffic and he is able to drive at only 60 kilometers per hour. If the return trip is 30 minutes longer, how many kilometers does he drive each way?

- a. 100
- b. 120
- c. 80
- d. 135

Q20. A service apartment has 80 tenants, 45% of whom use the amenities. Of the people who use the amenities, 20 use the swimming pool and 30 use the gym. How many tenants use both the swimming pool and the gym?

- a. 14
- b. 36
- c. 44
- d. 12



Part 2: General Knowledge of Economics and Management (30 questions - 30 points) - Indicative time: 45 minutes

Q21. What is the “Brexit”?

- a. The name given to the decision of the United Kingdom to leave the European Union;
- b. The name of a commercial bank;
- c. The name of a trade agreement between the United Kingdom and the European Union;
- d. The name of a beer brand.

Q22. Which of the following market configurations corresponds to a monopoly?

- a. There are several companies producing the same good;
- b. There is only one company producing a specific good and serving the demand;
- c. There are only two companies producing the same good;
- d. The good is produced only by companies located abroad and must be imported into the country.

Q23. What is approximately the GDP per capita in Cambodia?

- a. 500\$ a month;
- b. 1600\$ a year;
- c. 35 000\$ a year;
- d. 1000\$ a month.

Q24. The fundamental problem of economics is:

- a. To establish a democratic political framework for the smooth operation of the government;
- b. To establish prices that reflect the relative scarcities of products and resources;
- c. To deal with the scarcity of productive resources relative to an unlimited number of economic needs/desires;
- d. To define and implement best ways to make profits.

Q25. What does GAFAM mean?

- a. It is the acronym for the five most profitable US tech companies;
- b. It is the acronym for the five most profitable Cambodian companies;
- c. It is the name of the French professional football league;
- d. It is the name of an international NGO dealing with digital literacy.

Q26. The SWOT analysis assesses an organization’s:

- a. Speed, Wants, Orders, Timing;
- b. Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats;
- c. Signs, Worries, Objectives, Techniques;
- d. Structure, Workforce, Organization, Types.



Q27. What is the Return on Investment?

- a. It is a ratio given by the benefit of an investment divided by the cost of this investment;
- b. It is the amount of profits made out of an investment;
- c. It is a ratio given by the cost of an investment divided by the benefit of this investment;
- d. It is the amount spent to invest.

Q28. What is the main consequence of the inflation?

- a. The general level of price for goods and services goes down;
- b. The total quantity of goods and services produced increases;
- c. The general level of price for goods and services goes up;
- d. The total quantity of goods and services produced decreases.

Q29. A commercial company that explicitly takes into consideration the social consequences of its actions is most likely to be:

- a. Putting the needs of consumers before the company's need for profit;
- b. Seeking to combine social benefits with business profitability;
- c. Acting like a public sector organization;
- d. Acting philanthropically to their consumers.

Q30. Which of the following rankings that classify countries from the poorest to the richest in terms of GDP is correct?

- a. Cambodia, South Korea, France, Germany, United States of America;
- b. Cambodia, France, Italy, South Korea, United States of America;
- c. Israel, France, Italy, South Korea, Cambodia;
- d. Laos, South Korea, Italy, United States of America, France.

Q31. Why is it important to conduct a market study before launching a new business?

- a. To get to know well the market environment in order to assess whether or not our business idea might be profitable;
- b. To find facilities to set up our offices;
- c. To explore opportunities to export our business idea;
- d. To find in which already existing companies it can be good to invest.

Q32. What is the most expensive means of transportation to export a production (in USD/Kg)?

- a. By sea transport;
- b. By air transport;
- c. By rail transport;
- d. By road transport.



Q33. What is an externality?

- a. A consequence of an economic activity which affects other parties without this being reflected in market prices;
- b. A direct action of an economic agent on the activity of another one;
- c. A negative consequence of an economic activity that we cannot prevent;
- d. A state intervention in order to regulate markets.

Q34. Why is it important to conduct a market study before launching a new business?

- a. To get to know well the market environment in order to assess whether or not our business idea might be profitable;
- b. To find facilities to set up our offices;
- c. To explore opportunities to export our business idea;
- d. To find in which already existing companies it can be good to invest.

Q35. Among the following people, who is NOT a famous economist?

- a. Wilfredo Pareto;
- b. Thomas Piketty;
- c. Stephen Hawking;
- d. Léon Walras.

Q36. Which of the following correspond to the economic factor of production?

- a. Labour, land and investment;
- b. Capital, consumption and labour;
- c. Capital, labour and land;
- d. Capital, land and taxation.

Q37. A joint stock company is managed by a Board of Directors elected by:

- a. The Top management;
- b. The shareholders;
- c. The employees;
- d. The clients.

Q38. What does the “invisible hand” partly legitimate?

- a. Free trade;
- b. Anarchy;
- c. Communism;
- d. None of the above.



Q39. What was the trigger of the 1929 world economic crisis?

- a. The sovereign debt crisis in Europe;
- b. The Wall Street crash in New-York;
- c. The massive bankrupts un the construction industry in Cambodia;
- d. The lack of banking regulation.

Q40. What is the World Bank?

- a. An international financial organization that mostly grants loans to developing countries;
- b. A commercial bank operating worldwide;
- c. An international organization advocating for the human rights;
- d. A Cambodian commercial bank.

Q41. Who has never received the Nobel Prize in Economics?

- a. Joseph Stiglitz;
- b. Jean Tirole ;
- c. Robert Solow.
- d. Winston Churchill;

Q42. According to the economic theory, what is NOT a cause of unemployment?

- a. When there is a mismatch between job vacancies and people competences on the labor market;
- b. When there is an economic crisis leading to company bankruptcies;
- c. When there are rigidities to decrease for the salary on the labor market;
- d. When there are a shortage of human resources in the economy;

Q43. What is the main economic reason for some companies to declare their profits in some tiny remote islands in Caribbean Sea for example?

- a. To reduce their production costs thanks to lower salaries offered to workers;
- b. To avoid paying taxes on their profits in the country they actually operate;
- c. To access new markets;
- d. To contribute to the development of these countries;

Q44. Which company gives his name to a practice consisting in sub-contractor self-employed people instead of hiring them as full-time employees?

- a. Uber;
- b. Tesla;
- c. Twitter;
- d. Coca-Cola.



Q45. The marketing mix consists of:

- a. Product, People, Place, Promotion;
- b. Product, Price, Place, Promotion;
- c. Price, Promotion, Advertising, Place;
- d. Process, Place, Physical Evidence, Product;

Q46. When did Cambodia become a member of the World Trade Organization?

- a. 2004;
- b. 1999;
- c. 1994
- d. 2012;

Q47. What was the main benefit for Cambodia of the “Everything But Arms” agreement signed with the European Union (EU)?

- a. It allowed Cambodia to export its production to EU countries without paying any tariffs;
- b. It allowed EU countries to export their productions to Cambodia without paying any tariffs;
- c. It offers a 50% discount on tariffs imposed to Cambodian products exported to EU;
- d. It offers a 50% discount on tariffs imposed to EU countries products exported to Cambodia.

Q48. The “free-rider problem” refers to the fact that:

- a. Government subsidizes the fares of many municipal mass-transit systems;
- b. Government arbitrarily set taxes to a select list of goods and services;
- c. The benefits associated with public goods cannot be denied to those who are unwilling to pay for them;
- d. A lot of people do not want to pay for public transportations;

Q49. What does IMF stand for?

- a. International Military Fund;
- b. International Monetary Federation;
- c. International Music Federation;
- d. International Monetary Fund;

Q50. Rank the following countries from the richest to the poorest in terms of GDP: USA, South Korea, Cambodia and France.

- a. USA, France, South Korea, Cambodia;
- b. France, USA, South Korea, Cambodia;
- c. South Korea, USA, Cambodia, France;
- d. USA, South Korea, France, Cambodia.

ENTRANCE TEST 2021

ANSWER SHEET PART 1 & PART 2

LAST NAME :

FIRST NAME :

Q1	A	B	C	D	Q21	A	B	C	D
Q2	A	B	C	D	Q22	A	B	C	D
Q3	A	B	C	D	Q23	A	B	C	D
Q4	A	B	C	D	Q24	A	B	C	D
Q5	A	B	C	D	Q25	A	B	C	D
Q6	A	B	C	D	Q26	A	B	C	D
Q7	A	B	C	D	Q27	A	B	C	D
Q8	A	B	C	D	Q28	A	B	C	D
Q9	A	B	C	D	Q29	A	B	C	D
Q10	A	B	C	D	Q30	A	B	C	D
Q11	A	B	C	D	Q31	A	B	C	D
Q12	A	B	C	D	Q32	A	B	C	D
Q13	A	B	C	D	Q33	A	B	C	D
Q14	A	B	C	D	Q34	A	B	C	D
Q15	A	B	C	D	Q35	A	B	C	D
Q16	A	B	C	D	Q36	A	B	C	D
Q17	A	B	C	D	Q37	A	B	C	D
Q18	A	B	C	D	Q38	A	B	C	D
Q19	A	B	C	D	Q39	A	B	C	D
Q20	A	B	C	D	Q40	A	B	C	D
					Q41	A	B	C	D
					Q42	A	B	C	D
					Q43	A	B	C	D
					Q44	A	B	C	D
					Q45	A	B	C	D
					Q46	A	B	C	D
					Q47	A	B	C	D
					Q48	A	B	C	D
					Q49	A	B	C	D
					Q50	A	B	C	D